## Weston use cases

Cases of this doc:

- Use of systemctl command
- Enabling and disabling the Weston desktop
- Print the startup log on the screen
- Customized replacement of Kernel startup logo
- 1. Please book one i.MX8MP board before practicing these hands-on:

Open the cloud lab web page, and click the login button on the top-right corner, then input account and password.

https://aiotcloud.nxp.com.cn/

Click Hardware -> i.MX8 series EVKs



Find a board which in the state of "AVAILABLE NOW", then click "8MPLUSLPD4-PEVK" to go next.



Then click button "BOOK NOW":



Then select "USE NOW" and select the "END HOUR"/"END MINUTE". You can't book the board exceeding 2 hours once.

## Please select the book date, start and end times

USE NOW			
18	$\sim$	30	$\sim$
CONFIRM BOOK			

After click above "CONFIRM BOOK" button, you will go into "MY BOOKS" as below.

MY BOOKS											
Enter Keywords	c	<b>k</b> -									
ID	CPU	Board Name	No	Start Time	End Time	Duration	Create Time	Status	Debug		
4881	i.MX 8M Plus	8MPLUSLPD4- EVK	#1	2024-08-30 16:30	2024-08-30 18:25	1.917h	2024-08-30 16:35	Normal	DEBUG CANCEL		

Then click the blue button "DEBUG", and you will see the actual physical board and booting log on the web console.



Now, you have successfully booked a board and booted up it

2. Use of systemctl command

systemctl is the main command of the Linux system management toolset Systemd. For example, for system management, if you run the following commands on the cloud laboratory board, you will see the corresponding phenomenon.

systemctl reboot //Reboot system systemctl poweroff //Shutdown system(If you want to boot system again, please click "Reset-EVK" icon and wait several seconds) system suspend //Suspend system

After shutting down or entering system suspend, you need to click the Reset-EVK button below to restart the development board.



There are also other commands in systemd used to manage starting, stopping, restarting, checking status of various services:

systemctl enable

systemctl start

systemctl status

systemctl stop

systemctl kill

systemctl restart

systemctl analyze

Among them, systemctl-analyze can be used to analyze startup time. For details, see "System Startup Time Analysis Case".

3. Enabling and disabling the Weston desktop

systemctl stop weston //Close weston desktop, and you can see black screen systemctl start weston //Enable weston desktop. See below picture:



4. Print the startup log on the screen

Use the fgconsole command to view the tty serial number corresponding to the board screen



Modify the defconfig file to enable the screen as console: diff --git a/arch/arm64/configs/imx\_v8\_defconfig b/arch/arm64/configs/imx\_v8\_defconfig index 85762b37006f..16d8a67b5bd3 100644 --- a/arch/arm64/configs/imx\_v8\_defconfig +++ b/arch/arm64/configs/imx\_v8\_defconfig @@ -1105,3 +1105,5 @@ CONFIG\_CORESIGHT\_STM=m CONFIG\_CORESIGHT\_CPU\_DEBUG=m CONFIG\_CORESIGHT\_CTI=m CONFIG\_MEMTEST=y +CONFIG CMDLINE FORCE=y +CONFIG\_CMDLINE="console=tty7 console=tty0,115200 earlycon dtb=imx8mpevk.dtb root=/dev/mmcblk1p2 rootwait rw" After modifying the code above, reconfigure and compile the code: make imx\_v8\_defconfig make -j\$(nproc)

Upload the compiled kernel image to the tftp directory of the cloud board (refer to "Compile the kernel image and run it on the cloud laboratory development board.pdf").

Click the Reset-EVK button, and you can see the log printed on the board screen during the startup process. However, you cannot login system by typing "root" after startup. Then you need to make the following modifications and restart the development board:

root@imx8mpevk:~# vi /etc/systemd/system/weston.service [Unit] Description=Weston Wayland Compositor After=graphical.target [Service] Type=simple ExecStart=/usr/bin/weston --tty=7 Restart=always



In this way, "root" commands can be entered at both the serial debugging terminal and the terminal on the board screen, as shown in Figures 1 and 2 above.

5. Customized replacement of Kernel startup logo

During the Kernel startup process, the logo of four little penguins will appear (for 4-core 8MP). In practical applications, some users hope to replace booting logo with their own logo.

Since the kernel's logo format is ppm, to convert general bmp images into ppm format, you must first have an ubuntu PC and install the format conversion tool: sudo apt update

sudo apt install netpbm

For example, we take the image freescale.bmp in u-boot and use it to replace the penguin logo:

git clone <a href="https://github.com/nxp-imx/uboot-imx.git">https://github.com/nxp-imx/uboot-imx.git</a>

cp uboot-imx/tools/logos/freescale.bmp ~/

Perform image conversion:

bmptopnm freescale.bmp > logo\_linux.pnm

pnmquant 224 logo\_linux.pnm > logo\_linux\_clut224.pnm

pnmtoplainpnm logo\_linux\_clut224.pnm > logo\_linux\_clut224.ppm

rm logo\_linux.pnm logo\_linux\_clut224.pnm

By default, the logo of four little penguins during the kernel startup process are related to the number of CPU cores, so the code needs to be modified so that only one copy of our new logo is displayed. The kernel source code is modified as follows and recompiled (refer to "Compiling the Kernel Image and running on the cloud laboratory development board.pdf"):

diff --git a/drivers/video/fbdev/core/fbmem.c b/drivers/video/fbdev/core/fbmem.c index e24b29c4fa0f..74122612f863 100644

---- a/drivers/video/fbdev/core/fbmem.c

+++ b/drivers/video/fbdev/core/fbmem.c

@@ -693,7 +693,7 @@ int fb\_show\_logo(struct fb\_info \*info, int rotate) return 0;

count = fb\_logo\_count < 0 ? num\_online\_cpus() : fb\_logo\_count;</pre>

y = fb\_show\_logo\_line(info, rotate, fb\_logo.logo, 0, count);

y = fb\_show\_logo\_line(info, rotate, fb\_logo.logo, 0, 1);

y = fb\_show\_extra\_logos(info, y, rotate);

return y;

After compiling, upload the new image and run it again. The effect is as follows. You can see that the little penguin logo has been replaced with the logo we made.

